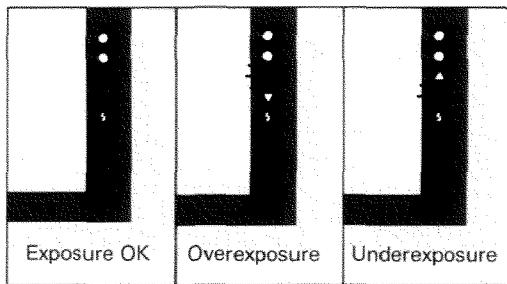


To set the aperture: While holding in the aperture setting button, press the left control key to set a larger aperture number (smaller aperture opening) and the right control key to set a smaller aperture number (larger aperture opening).

When both exposure signals glow, the current exposure setting agrees with the camera's metering program. When the upper or lower signals glow separately, overexposure and underexposure, respectively, are indicated, compared with the exposure that would be set in autoexposure mode. If the overexposure signal glows, increase the shutter speed or the ap-



erture number to reduce the exposure; if the underexposure signal glows, use a slower shutter speed, decrease the aperture number, or switch on the flash. For information about using flash in manual mode, refer to the flash section.

If both exposure signals blink, the required setting is not available; although the shutter can be released, in this case exposure may not be correct.

Creative camera control

Manual exposure control can be used to change the way your subject is recorded. For moving subjects, using a fast shutter speed allows you to reduce picture blurring that might be apparent if a slower shutter speed were used. The depth of field, or overall picture sharpness extending in front of and behind your principal subject, is determined by the aperture setting

used; using a small aperture (high f-number) will increase the overall depth of field; using a larger aperture (smaller f-number) reduces the depth of field, and can be effective in separating your main subject from its surroundings. Some examples of creative camera control are shown here.

Available shutter speed (Numbers followed by "are whole seconds; all others are fractional seconds)

2000 - 1000 - 500 - 250 - 125 - 60 - 30 - 15 - 8 - 4 - 2 - 1" - 2" - 4" - (bulb)

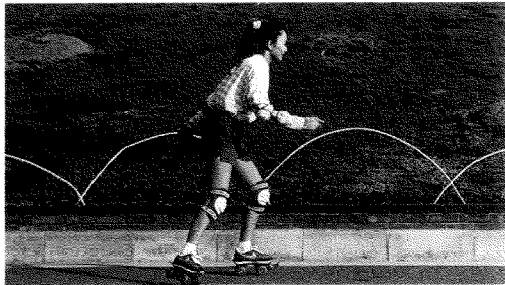
Available apertures, using the AF 50mm f/1.7 lens

1.7 - 2 - 2.4 - 2.8 - 3.5 - 4 - 4.5 - 5.6 - 6.7 - 8 - 9.5 - 11 - 13 - 16 - 19 - 22

Creative shutter-speed control

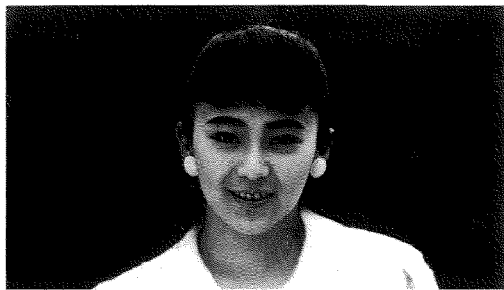


Slow shutter speed



Fast shutter speed

Creative aperture control



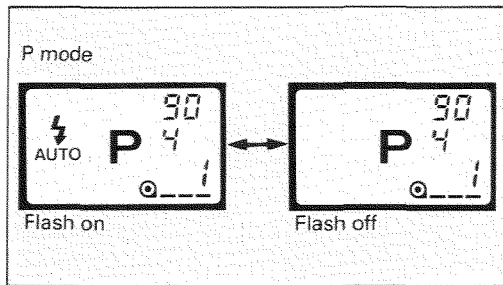
Large aperture



Small aperture

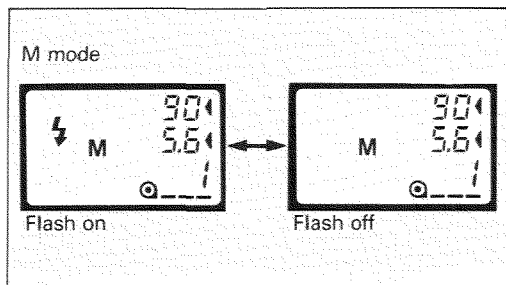
FLASH

Using flash



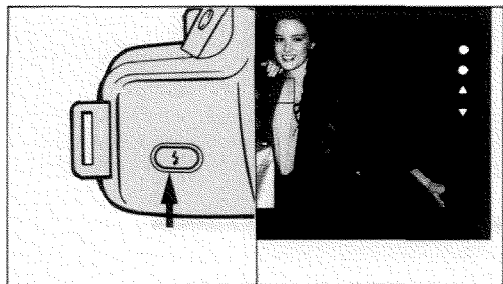
The 5000i's built-in flash is an integral part of the camera's design and makes flash photography completely automatic.

In P mode, whenever the shutter speed is too slow for hand-held pictures, or when the metering system detects that the main subject is backlit, the lower exposure signal blinks to indicate that flash should be used. To switch on the flash, press the flash ON/OFF key. (When you load batteries and turn the camera on for the first time, the flash will be switched to on.)



In M mode, you may want to consider using flash whenever the underexposure signal glows. In each exposure mode, the 5000i's TTL OTF (through-the-lens off-the-film) flash metering system controls flash output to ensure correct exposure. Specific information about using flash in P and M modes is given in the following pages.

When the camera indicates that flash should be used due to a slow shutter speed, we recommend attaching the camera to a tripod if you decide not to use flash.



To operate the 5000i's built-in flash:

1. Press the flash ON/OFF key to turn the flash on.
2. Press the shutter-release button partway down to focus.
3. When the flash-ready signal blinks, press the shutter-release button all-the-way down to take the picture. The flash-ready signal blinks rapidly to indicate correct exposure.

If the lower exposure signal glows when you press the shutter-release button down, the flash is charging and the shutter remains locked. Wait a moment for the flash to finish charging; when the flash-ready signal blinks, press the shutter-release button down to take the picture.

With the A/S Mode Card, you can use flash in aperture- and shutter-priority modes as well. In S mode flash operation is the same as in P mode, while in A mode flash operation is the same as M mode.

Program mode flash operation

When you use flash in P mode, the camera's metering system decides independently whether flash should be used. That is, whenever the camera's meter determines that flash is required — whether due to low-light conditions, or to provide fill flash for backlit subjects — the flash fires automatically when the picture is taken. X-sync shutter speed is automatically adjusted between 1/90 and 1/20 sec.

Using ISO 100 film and a 50mm f/1.7 lens, the flash range is 2.3 - 17 ft. (0.7 - 5.3m) for apertures of f/2.8 and larger. For other apertures and lenses, refer to the flash ranges given in the Manual mode flash operation section.

Slow shutter sync

In pictures taken with flash, slow-shutter sync can be used to increase the exposure of background areas. Examples of situations where slow-shutter sync might be effective include pictures taken at dawn or dusk, or of night scenes with background illumination, as shown in the example here.

Slow-shutter sync is easily set by pressing and holding the **AEL** button down while taking a flash picture.



With slow-shutter sync

To use slow-shutter sync:

1. Center the focus frame on your subject, then press the shutter-release button partway down to focus.
2. Press the **AEL** button and then, while keeping it pressed in, press the shutter-release button all-the-way down to take the picture.



With conventional flash

A slower shutter speed is automatically set, and flash output is reduced to prevent overexposure of the main subject. If the shutter speed set in this case is too slow for handheld pictures, use a tripod.

If you use slow shutter-sync in bright conditions, a slower shutter speed may not be set.

With the A/S Mode Card, slow shutter sync can be used in aperture-priority mode as well.

Manual mode flash operation

Switched on in manual exposure mode, the 5000i's built-in flash fires each time the shutter is released. Any available aperture can be selected, and shutter speeds between 1/90 and 4 sec. can also be used. The flash range will vary according to the both aperture selected and the film speed. The table shown at right lists the flash range for different apertures, using ISO 100 film. For ISO 400 speed film, the far limit of each range listed is doubled.

Aperture	Flash Range
1.4	2.3-33 ft. (0.7-10m)
2	2.3-23 ft. (0.7-7m)
2.8	2.3-16 ft. (0.7-5m)
4	2.3-11 ft. (0.7-3.5m)
5.6	2.3-8.2 ft. (0.7-2.5m)
8	2.3-5.6 ft. (0.7-1.7m)

If the aperture in use is a half-stop value falling between those listed, the far limit of the flash range will be approximately halfway between the far limits of the neighboring values. (For example, if the aperture setting is $f/4.5$, the flash range is approximately 2.3-9.8 ft.)

Important information on using flash

For pictures taken using the built-in flash, the camera-subject distance should be at least 2.3 ft. (0.7m). Use of a lens hood is not recommended, since image vignetting may occur; for lenses with detachable hoods, the hood should be removed from the lens (not mounted in the inverted position).

Vignetting may also occur in pictures taken using the built-in flash with certain lenses. For lenses other than those listed below, check with your Minolta Service Facility for sepecific limitations.

AF 35mm f/2	AF 35-70mm f/4
AF 50mm f/1.4	AF 35-80mm f/4-5.6**
AF 50mm f/1.7	AF 35-105mm f/3.5-4.5
AF 85mm f/1.4	AF 70-210mm f/3.5-4.5
AF 100mm f/2	AF 80-200mm f/4.5-5.6 Apo
AF 135mm f/2.8	AF 100-200mm f/4.5
AF 200mm f/2.8 Apo*	AF 100-300mm f/4.5-5.6
AF 24-50mm f/4	AF 50mm f/2.8 Macro
	AF 10mm f/2.8 Macro

* Without converter lens

** For pictures taken at or near 35mm setting, the camera-subject distance should be at least 3.3 ft. (1m).

In pictures of people taken with flash, your subjects' eyes may appear red. "Red-eye", as the effect is called, is caused by light from the flash reflected back into the lens from the subject's retinas, and will be more noticeable in some subjects than in others. To minimize red-eye, we recommend increasing the overall light level as much as possible, and getting as close as possible to the near end of the flash range without the flash discharge becoming a disturbance. If redevye persists, try switching off the built-in flash and attaching a separate unit for improved results.

Always use care when taking flash pictures of people or animals, since the flash discharge may be disturbing.

Main switch

When the main switch is at **ON** all functions on the camera will operate and you can take pictures. At **LOCK** position, all camera functions are switched off. When not using the camera, set the main switch to **LOCK** to prevent accidental exposures and ensure optimum battery life.

When you switch the camera on, with a Maxxum AF lens attached, the camera's autofocus system adjusts the lens extension in preparation for autofocus operation. Similarly, when the camera is switched to **LOCK**, the autofocus system automatically retracts the lens to its shortest extension for ease of carrying or storage.

The frame number and film-transport signal remain visible on the top-mounted data panel for about one hour after the camera is switched off. The display reappears when the camera is turned on.

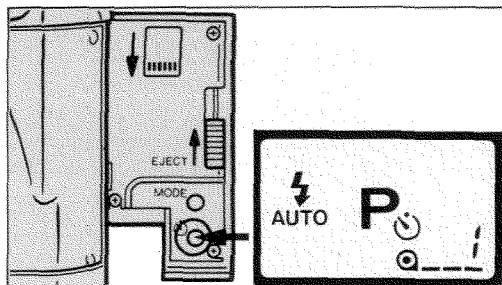
Audible signals

In the cases listed below, the camera emits a short beep to assist you in operating the camera.

- When the film is loaded incorrectly
- When the subject comes into focus
- When using the self-timer
- When **HELP** is displayed in the data panel.
- When the battery is exhausted
- When the shutter speed is too slow for blur-free, hand-held pictures. In this case, the lower exposure signal in the viewfinder blinks as an additional warning.
- When the shutter-release button is pressed down during flash charge.

In the last two cases, cancellation of the audible signal is possible by moving the main switch from **LOCK** to **ON** while holding down the control keys.

Self-timer

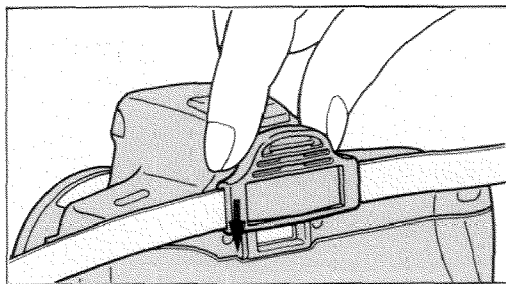


The 5000i's self-timer allows you to set a ten second shutter-release delay.

Before starting the self-timer, confirm that focus is correctly set by checking for the green focus signal; autofocus does not function once the self-timer is started.

To use the self-timer:

1. Open the card door and press the self-timer (☺) button. The self-timer symbol (☺) will appear in the data panel.
2. Focus the lens and attach the eyepiece cap.
3. Press the shutter-release button all the way down to start the self-timer.

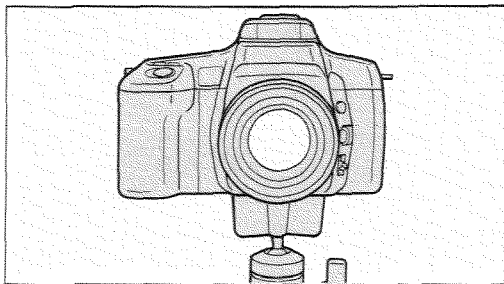


The self-timer light blinks and the camera beeps twice a second, until the picture is taken.

To take another picture using the self-timer, repeat steps 1-3.

To cancel the self timer before the shutter-release button has been pressed, press the self-timer button again. To cancel the self-timer after the shutter-release button has been pressed, slide the main switch to **LOCK**.

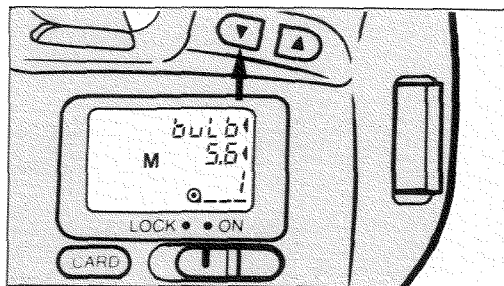
Long exposures



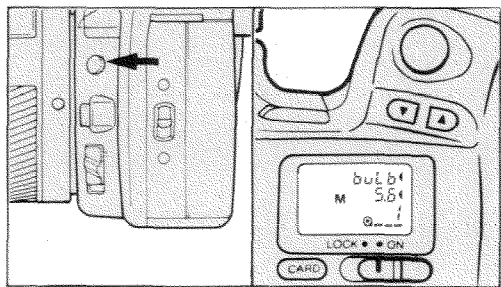
The bulb shutter-speed position can be used for making exposures longer than 4 seconds in duration. Long exposures are appropriate for photographing a variety of subjects, including fireworks, lightning storms, city skylines after sunset, etc. To make long exposures:

1. Mount the camera on a tripod. Be careful not to overtighten the tripod's mounting screw, and not to use a screw longer than 1/4 in. (5.4mm).

For extended exposures using the bulb setting, installation of a fresh battery is recommended



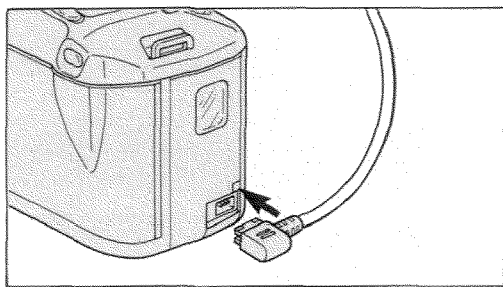
2. Set the camera to Manual exposure mode, then press and hold the left control key until **bulb** appears in the data panel.



3. Set the aperture.

4. Focus the lens. (If the light is too dim for autofocus, set the focus mode to manual and turn the lens focusing ring until the subject is sharp.)

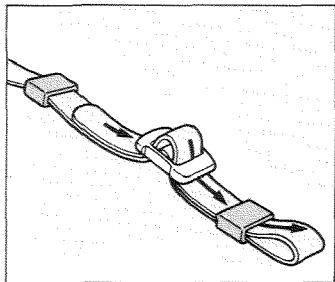
5. Release the shutter. (At the **bulb** setting, the shutter remains open as long as the shutter-release button is held down.)



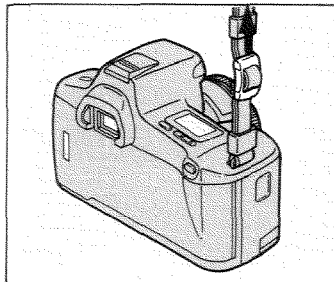
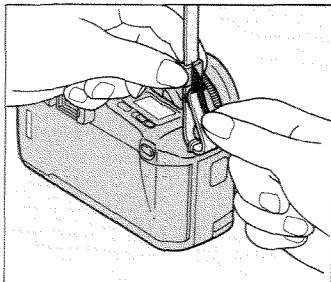
For making long exposures, use of a remote cord, either RC-1000S or RC-1000L, is strongly recommended to minimize camera shake. Both cords have locking shutter-release buttons, convenient for keeping the shutter open for extended periods.

To attach a remote cord, remove the remote control terminal cover and insert the remote cord plug.

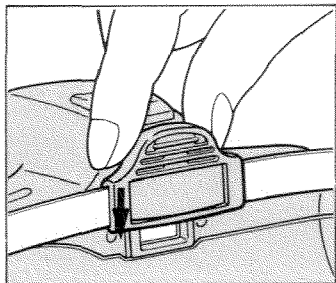
Attaching the Neckstrap and Eyepiece Cap



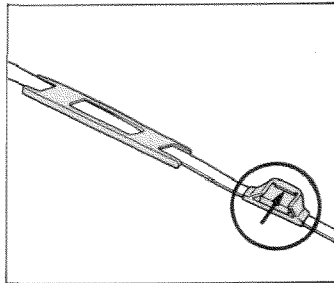
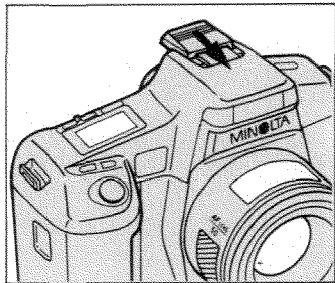
A neckstrap is supplied with your Maxxum 5000i. Attach it to the camera as shown above.



An eyepiece cap is also supplied and can be slipped onto the neckstrap to keep it handy for use.



The eyepiece cap slides over the eyepiece to prevent stray light from entering the camera and affecting exposure. It should be used whenever the eyepiece is not shielded by your head, as when using the self-timer or when operating the camera by remote control. To attach the eyepiece cap, first remove the eyepiece cup, then slip the cap over the frame.



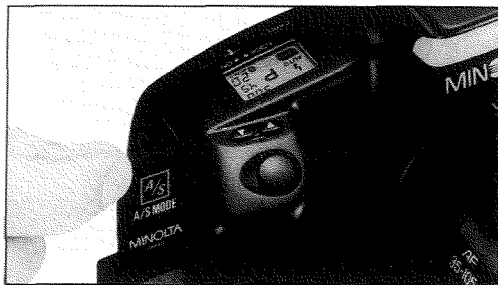
An accessory shoe cap is supplied that slips into the accessory shoe to protect the contacts from dust and grime. When using a flash unit, slip the accessory shoe cap into the eyepiece cap.

TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
With the main switch at ON and the shutter-release button pressed down, no display appears in data panel.	Battery exhausted. Battery not installed correctly.	Install fresh battery. Install battery correctly.
Film counter doesn't advance from 0 .	Film not loaded correctly.	Open back cover and reload film.
Autofocus does not work or lens does not focus when shutter-release button is pressed.	Lens attached incorrectly. Manual focus mode set. Subject difficult to focus. Zooming grip of lens in use positioned in macro range.	Attach lens so it locks in place with a click. Use focus mode switch to set AF mode. Use manual focus. Slide and hold macro release, then turn zooming grip back into zoom range.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
HELP is displayed in data panel.	Motor problem.	Remove and reinstall battery.
Flash ready signal ($\frac{1}{2}$) in the viewfinder does not appear.	Flash switched off. Flash is not attached to camera correctly.	Switch flash on. Attach the flash to the camera's accessory shoe so that it locks in place with a click.
Shutter cannot be released.	Main switch at LOCK. Film cartridge remains in camera after film is completely rewound. Flash not charged. Film loaded incorrectly. In AF mode, focus cannot be confirmed.	Slide main switch to ON. Remove film cartridge from camera. Wait until the flash-ready signal ($\frac{1}{2}$) blinks, then press down fully to take the picture. Reload film. Switch to manual focus mode and focus manually.

ACCESSORIES



Creative Expansion Cards

The Minolta Creative Expansion Card system provides a simple and cost-effective way for expanding the 5000i's capabilities to meet specific needs. Five cards are currently available for use with the 5000i.

Although illustrations in the manuals for the Special Application Cards (Sports Action, Portrait, Automatic Depth Control, and Closeup cards) show a different camera body, card operation with the 5000i is correct as described.



A/S Mode Card — This card is designed exclusively for the Maxxum 5000i. It can be used to add two autoexposure modes, shutter priority and aperture priority, to the camera's standard exposure-mode selection.



Sports Action Card — Controls the camera's basic settings for taking pictures of fast-moving subjects. The autoexposure program is automatically shifted according to subject distance and lens focal length in use.



Automatic Depth Control Card — This card automatically controls the camera's aperture setting to maximize depth of field so that both foreground and background subjects will be in sharp focus.



Portrait Card — Uses a special exposure program to provide depth of field suitable for portraits. This program automatically adjusts aperture and shutter speed so that your subject is separated from the background.



Close-up Card — Sets a special exposure program that provides depth of field suitable for close-up and macro shots. It sets the aperture based on subject magnification and selects the shutter speed to provide correct exposure at that aperture.

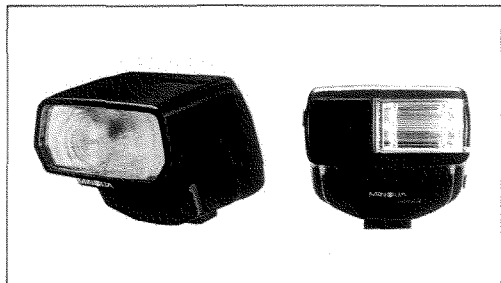
Minolta AF Lenses

The entire system of Maxxum AF lenses are usable with your Maxxum 5000i camera. Besides the ergonomically designed, compact AF 35-80mm, AF 35-105mm, AF 70-210mm, AF 100-300mm and AF 80-200 zoom lenses and the new AF Reflex 500mm lens, a growing range of wideangle, zoom, and macro lenses is available. Visit your Minolta dealer for more information about Maxxum AF lenses and accessories.



Accessory Flash Units

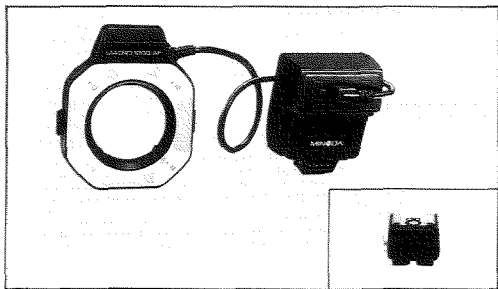
A number of accessory flash units are available for use with the 5000i. The 5000i's flash ON/OFF key controls only the camera's built-in flash; accessory units must be turned on and off separately. When using an accessory flash, turn off the camera's built-in flash.



Maxxum Flash 3200i and 2000i

These two units are designed specifically for use with Maxxum i-series autofocus cameras, including the 5000i. They can be quickly and securely attached to the camera's accessory shoe. Once switched on, they operate in the same way as the camera's built-in flash, according to the exposure mode selected.

The Maxxum Flash 3200i features a guide number of 105 (in feet), and automatically zooms to provide appropriate flash coverage for 28mm to 85mm lenses. The Maxxum Flash 2000i, with a guide number of 66 (in feet), is a good choice for situations where less flash power is needed.



Macro Flash 1200AF Set-N

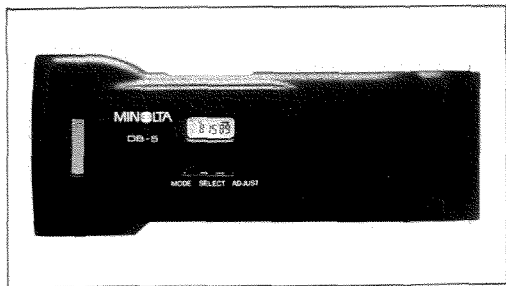
Macro Flash 1200AF Set-N is a specially designed unit that attaches to the 5000i via the Flash Shoe Adapter FS-1100. This unit has four flash tubes that can be controlled separately for versatile lighting control. Four focusing lamps provide illumination for focusing and TTL flash metering ensures accurate exposure at closeup and macro ranges. Used with the 5000i, this unit fires whenever the shutter is released, regardless of the exposure mode selected.

Other Flashes

The Flash Shoe Adapter FS-1100 must be used to attach the Maxxum Flash 4000AF, 2800AF, or 1800AF to the Maxxum 5000i. Used with the 5000i, these units fire whenever a picture is taken, regardless of the exposure mode selected.

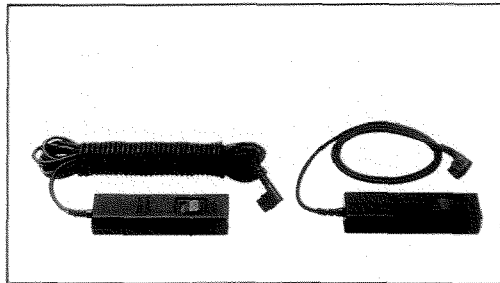
The AF illuminators in the 4000AF, 2800AF and 1800AF do not operate when used with the Maxxum 5000i. However, the camera's built-in AF illuminator provides for low-light, low-contrast autofocusing.

When using Maxxum Flash 4000AF, the far limit of the flash range displayed on its data panel may be larger than the actual maximum distance. If your subject is close to the maximum distance, it may be underexposed. Correct exposure is confirmed by the glowing **OK EXP** signal; confirmation of correct exposure is also given by rapid blinking of the viewfinder's flash ready signal.



Data back

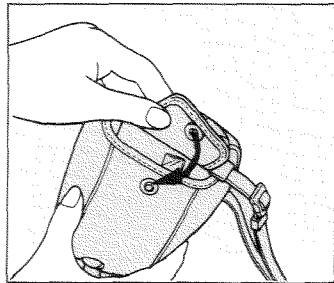
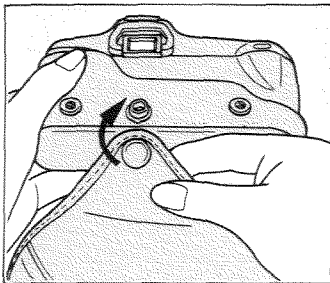
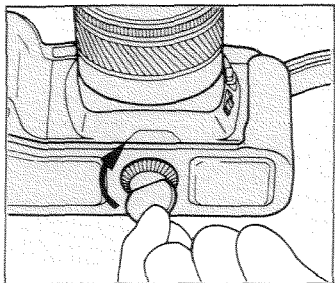
Data Back DB-5 permits imprinting of time and date information directly on the film, including year/month/day in three possible sequences, and day with 24 hour time. A single 3-volt lithium battery is installed at the factory and supplies power for data imprinting and for the automatic calendar and clock.



Remote Cord RC-1000L and RC-1000S

A remote cord should be used for taking long exposures (**bulb** setting), or anytime camera shake is likely to affect pictures. Autofocusing and metering are both activated by pressing the cord's release button. RC-1000L is 16.5 ft. (5m) long, and RC-1000S is 20 in. (0.5m) in length.

Cases



CH-500

Various camera cases are available as optional accessories for the Maxxum 5000i. To put the camera in its case:

1. Attach the lens cap. (With the AF 35-80mm or AF 80-200mm, close the lens cover.)
2. If a zoom lens is attached to the camera, turn the zoom ring until the lens barrel is at its shortest position.
3. Follow the diagrams to put the camera in its case.

Eyepiece Corrector 1000

Nine eyepiece-correction lenses are available for dioptic adjustment of the eyepiece. These lenses can be purchased separately and range from -4 to $+3$ diopters. The lenses snap into the camera's eyepiece frame.

Filters

Autofocusing can be done with these Minolta filters: L37 (UV), Y52 (yellow), G0 (green), O56 (orange), R60 (red), 1B (skylight), A 12 (85), B 12 (80B), ND4X (two-stop neutral density), Minolta Portrayer filters, and Minolta Polarizing (Circular) filters.

TECHNICAL DETAILS

Type: 35mm SLR with built-in flash and intelligent control of autofocus (AF), autoexposure (AE) and film transport systems

Lens mount: Minolta A-type bayonet; accepts all Maxxum AF lenses

Autofocus system: Minolta's through-the-lens (TTL) phase-detection type with wide charge-coupled device (CCD) sensor; sensitivity range: EV 0 to 18 at ISO 100 in ambient light; Predictive focus control; built-in AF illuminator automatically activated in low light, low contrast; range: 1.6 to 16 feet (0.5 to 5 meters), based on Minolta's standard test method

Manual focusing: Visually on Acute-Matte viewfinder screen, confirmed by viewfinder focus signal

Metering: TTL dual-area contrast detection metering coupled to autofocus system; exposure locked when focus is locked in autofocus mode; two-segment silicon photocell (SPC) for ambient light; second SPC at bottom of mirror box for TTL flash metering with built-in flash and other dedicated flash units; AEL (automatic-exposure lock) button can be used to override shutter-release button AE-lock function with previously memorized exposure reading

Auto-Exposure (AE) range: EV 1 to 20 with ISO 100 film and 50/1.4 lens

Exposure modes:

Program AE: Automatic multi-program selection sets autoexposure program, based on lens focal length in use; shutter speed and aperture determined by autoexposure (AE) program; exposure is locked together with focus when green viewfinder signal glows

Manual: Any shutter-speed and aperture combination usable; correct exposure and over-/under- exposure indicated in viewfinder; **bulb** setting for long exposures

(Shutter-priority AE (S) and aperture-priority AE (A) available with optional A/S Mode Card)

Shutter: Electronically controlled vertical-traverse focal-plane type; range 1/2000 to 4 seconds

Shutter-release button: Pressing button partway down activates autofocus and metering systems (in AF and AE modes, exposure and focus are set and locked, as well); pressing button all-the-way down releases shutter; in AF mode, shutter can be released only when subject is in focus (focus-priority operation)

Controls: Buttons to set exposure mode, AE lock, flash on/off, and self-timer operation; control keys to manually set aperture and shutter-speed

Flash sync: X-sync speed automatically set from 1/90 sec. to 1/20 sec according to focal length of lens in use and ambient light level;

Built-in flash: On/off control; in P and S modes, flash fires automatically when required; in M and A modes flash fires each time shutter is released; guide number: 52 (70mm coverage) to 46 (35mm coverage) in feet (16 to 14 in meters), according to lens focal length setting; recycle time: approx. 5 sec.

Film-speed settings: Automatic setting for DX-coded ISO 25 to 5000 film; ISO 25 to 5000 in ambient light, ISO 25 to 1000 for TTL flash metering; film speed set to ISO 100 for film without DX coding.

Film transport: Auto threading, auto advance to first frame, single frame advance; automatic or manual rewind start; advancing frame counter in data panel

Viewfinder: Eye level fixed roof mirror shows 90% of field of view; magnification 0.75X with 50mm lens at infinity

Data displays:

Data Panel: Liquid-crystal display (LCD) shows exposure mode, shutter-speed, aperture, flash on, manual focus mode, **bulb** operation, card name, card in use, frame number, self-timer operation, battery condition

Viewfinder: Light-emitting diodes (LED) signal focus status, use flash, flash ready, over-/under- and correct exposure, required exposure not available, and sufficient flash exposure

Power: 6-volt 2CR5 lithium battery powers camera; automatic battery check when camera is turned on; battery condition indicated by four-stage indicator in data panel; shutter locks when battery is exhausted; main switch has LOCK and ON positions

Audible signals: With main switch at ON position, audible signal for subject in focus, self-timer operation, slow-shutter speed, flash charging, film loaded incorrectly, battery exhausted, and when HELP is displayed in the data panel

Self-timer: Electronic with 10-second delay; cancelable; operation indicated by audible signal and blinking LED

Size and weight: 5-7/8 x 3-13/16 x 2-9/16 in. (148.5 X 97.5 X 65mm), 17-5/8 oz. (500g) without lens and battery

Optional Accessories: Accepts all Maxxum AF lenses, Maxxum Flashes 2000i and 3200i, Creative Expansion Cards (A/S Mode Card and Special Application Cards), Data Back DB-5, Remote Cord RC-1000L and Remote Cord RC-1000S, Eyepiece Correctors, and flash accessories including off-camera cables and connectors

Specifications subject to change without notice

CARE AND STORAGE

- Always keep your camera in its case with the lens capped when not in use, or with a body cap on when a lens is not attached.
- No part of the camera should be forced at any time.
- Never subject your camera to shock, high heat, humidity, water, or harmful chemicals. Be particularly careful not to leave it in the glove compartment or other places in motor vehicles where it may be subjected to high temperatures.
- Never lubricate any part of the camera body or lens.
- Never touch the shutter curtains, mirror, or the *front inside parts of the body* or clean them with compressed air. Doing so may impair their alignment and movement.
- External camera surfaces and lens barrel — but not glass surfaces — can be cleaned by wiping with a dry or silicone-treated cloth.
- Never touch the lens or eyepiece surfaces with your fingers. Whisk away loose matter with a blower brush. To remove stubborn spots, use a sheet of photographic lens tissue. If necessary, tissue may be moistened with one drop of lens-cleaning fluid. Never place fluid directly on glass surfaces.
- We recommend that you have your camera cleaned once a year at an authorized Minolta service facility.

- If you plan to store your camera for an extended period of time, rewind and remove the film, then remove the battery. Place the camera in a cool, dry place away from dust or chemicals, preferably in an airtight container with a drying agent such as silica gel.
- After prolonged storage, and especially before taking pictures at an important event, carefully check the operation of the camera and lens.
- The operating range for the LCD (liquid crystal display) data panel is from -4° to 122°F (-20° to 50°C). At temperatures outside this range, response time and contrast will change, making the display difficult to read. At very high temperatures, a display may temporarily darken. If this occurs, the display should return when the camera is restored to operating range conditions.
- The Maxxum 5000i contains no user-serviceable parts. Do not attempt to disassemble or repair the camera yourself.
- The Maxxum 5000i's circuitry may switch off, even when a battery with sufficient power is installed. To resume operation, remove the battery and install it again.

Save the camera box and packing material. When shipping your camera, carefully repack it in the box, insure adequately, and use a reliable delivery service.

Before shipping your camera for repairs, contact your nearest authorized Minolta service facility.

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